

## PERSONS SERVING IN ARMED FORCES OR ON VESSELS

SEC. 323. A person who, while a citizen of the United States and during the World War in Europe, entered the military or naval service of any country at war with a country with which the United States was then at war, who has lost citizenship of the United States by reason of any oath or obligation taken for the purpose of entering such service, may be naturalized by taking before any naturalization court specified in subsection (a) of section 301 the oaths prescribed by section 335.

Naturalization of designated World War expatriates.

*Ante*, p. 1140; *post*, p. 1157.

SEC. 324. (a) A person, including a native-born Filipino, who has served honorably at any time in the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard for a period or periods aggregating three years and who, if separated from such service, was separated under honorable conditions, may be naturalized without having resided, continuously immediately preceding the date of filing such person's petition, in the United States for at least five years and in the State in which the petition for naturalization is filed for at least six months, if such petition is filed while the petitioner is still in the service or within six months after the termination of such service.

Naturalization of persons having U. S. military, etc., service.

(b) A person filing a petition under subsection (a) of this section shall comply in all respects with the requirements of this chapter except that—

Waiver of certain requirements.

(1) No declaration of intention shall be required;

(2) No certificate of arrival shall be required;

(3) No residence within the jurisdiction of the court shall be required;

(4) Such petitioner may be naturalized immediately if the petitioner be then actually in any of the services prescribed in subsection (a) of this section, and if, before filing the petition for naturalization, such petitioner and at least two verifying witnesses to the petition, who shall be citizens of the United States and who shall identify petitioner as the person who rendered the service upon which the petition is based, have appeared before and been examined by a representative of the Service.

Verification of residence, etc.

(c) In case such petitioner's service was not continuous, petitioner's residence in the United States and State, good moral character, attachment to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and favorable disposition toward the good order and happiness of the United States, during any period within five years immediately preceding the date of filing said petition between the periods of petitioner's service in the United States Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, shall be verified in the petition filed under the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, and proved at the final hearing thereon by witnesses, citizens of the United States, in the same manner as required by section 309. Such verification and proof shall also be made as to any period between the termination of petitioner's service and the filing of the petition for naturalization.

*Ante*, p. 1143.

(d) The petitioner shall comply with the requirements of section 309 as to continuous residence in the United States for at least five years and in the State in which the petition is filed for at least six months, immediately preceding the date of filing the petition, if the termination of such service has been more than six months preceding the date of filing the petition for naturalization, except that such service shall be considered as residence within the United States or the State.

Residence requirements in certain cases of terminated service.

(e) Any such period or periods of service under honorable conditions, and good moral character, attachment to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and favorable disposition toward the good order and happiness of the United States, during such serv-

Service records in lieu of affidavits, etc.

ice, shall be proved by duly authenticated copies of records of the executive departments having custody of the records of such service, and such authenticated copies of records shall be accepted in lieu of affidavits and testimony or depositions of witnesses.

Naturalization of persons serving on designated vessels.

SEC. 325. (a) A person who has served honorably or with good conduct for an aggregate period of at least five years (1) on board of any vessel of the United States Government other than in the United States Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, or (2) on board vessels of more than twenty tons burden, whether or not documented under the laws of the United States, and whether public or private, which are not foreign vessels, and whose home port is in the United States, may be naturalized without having resided, continuously immediately preceding the date of filing such person's petition, in the United States for at least five years, and in the State in which the petition for naturalization is filed for at least six months, if such petition is filed while the petitioner is still in the service on a reenlistment, reappointment, or reshipment, or within six months after an honorable discharge or separation therefrom.

Applicability of designated subsections. *Ante*, p. 1149.

(b) The provisions of subsections (b), (c), (d), and (e) of section 324 shall apply to petitions for naturalization filed under this section, except that service with good conduct on vessels described in subsection (a) (2) of this section may be proved by certificates from the masters of such vessels.

#### ALIEN ENEMIES

Naturalization of certain alien enemies.

SEC. 326. (a) An alien who is a native, citizen, subject, or denizen of any country, state, or sovereignty with which the United States is at war may be naturalized as a citizen of the United States if such alien's declaration of intention was made not less than two years prior to the beginning of the state of war, or such alien was at the beginning of the state of war entitled to become a citizen of the United States without making a declaration of intention, or his petition for naturalization shall at the beginning of the state of war be pending and the petitioner is otherwise entitled to admission, notwithstanding such petitioner shall be an alien enemy at the time and in the manner prescribed by the laws passed upon that subject.

Hearing requirements.

(b) An alien embraced within this section shall not have such alien's petition for naturalization called for a hearing, or heard, except after ninety days' notice given by the clerk of the court to the Commissioner to be represented at the hearing, and the Commissioner's objection to such final hearing shall cause the petition to be continued from time to time for so long as the Commissioner may require.

Removal, etc.

(c) Nothing herein contained shall be taken or construed to interfere with or prevent the apprehension and removal, agreeably to law, of any alien enemy at any time previous to the actual naturalization of such alien.

Loyalty as basis for exception.

(d) The President of the United States may, in his discretion, upon investigation and report by the Department of Justice fully establishing the loyalty of any alien enemy not included in the foregoing exemption, except such alien enemy from the classification of alien enemy, and thereupon such alien shall have the privilege of applying for naturalization.

#### PROCEDURAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

##### EXECUTIVE FUNCTIONS

Commissioner in charge of administration.

SEC. 327. (a) The Commissioner, or, in his absence, a Deputy Commissioner, shall have charge of the administration of the naturalization laws, under the immediate direction of the Attorney General, to

whom the Commissioner shall report directly upon all naturalization matters annually and as otherwise required.

(b) The Commissioner, with the approval of the Attorney General, shall make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this chapter and is authorized to prescribe the scope and nature of the examination of petitioners for naturalization as to their admissibility to citizenship for the purpose of making appropriate recommendations to the naturalization courts. Such examination shall be limited to inquiry concerning the applicant's residence, good moral character, understanding of and attachment to the fundamental principles of the Constitution of the United States, and other qualifications to become a naturalized citizen as required by law, and shall be uniform throughout the United States.

(c) The Commissioner is authorized to promote instruction and training in citizenship responsibilities of applicants for naturalization including the sending of names of candidates for naturalization to the public schools, preparing and distributing citizenship textbooks to such candidates as are receiving instruction in preparation for citizenship within or under the supervision of the public schools, preparing and distributing monthly an immigration and naturalization bulletin and securing the aid of and cooperating with official State and National organizations, including those concerned with vocational education.

(d) The Commissioner shall prescribe and furnish such forms as may be required to give effect to the provisions of this chapter, and only such forms as may be so provided shall be legal. All certificates of naturalization and of citizenship shall be printed on safety paper and shall be consecutively numbered in separate series.

(e) Members of the Service may be designated by the Commissioner or a Deputy Commissioner to administer oaths and to take depositions without charge in matters relating to the administration of the naturalization and citizenship laws. In cases where there is a likelihood of unusual delay or of hardship, the Commissioner or a Deputy Commissioner may, in his discretion, authorize such depositions to be taken before a postmaster without charge, or before a notary public or other person authorized to administer oaths for general purposes.

(f) A certificate of naturalization or of citizenship issued by the Commissioner or a Deputy Commissioner under the authority of this Act shall have the same effect in all courts, tribunals, and public offices of the United States, at home and abroad, of the District of Columbia, and of each State, Territory, and insular possession of the United States, as a certificate of naturalization or of citizenship issued by a court having naturalization jurisdiction.

(g) Certifications and certified copies of all papers, documents, certificates, and records required or authorized to be issued, used, filed, recorded, or kept under any and all provisions of this chapter shall be admitted in evidence equally with the originals in any and all cases and proceedings under this Act and in all cases and proceedings in which the originals thereof might be admissible as evidence.

(h) The officers in charge of property owned or leased by the Government are authorized, upon the recommendation of the Attorney General, to provide quarters, without payment of rent, in any building occupied by the Service, for a photographic studio, operated by welfare organizations without profit and solely for the benefit of aliens seeking naturalization. Such studio shall be under the supervision of the Commissioner.

Rules and regulations.

Examination of petitioners.

Citizenship instruction, etc.

Forms and certificates.

Oaths and depositions.

Certificates issued by Commissioner, effect.

Admissibility in evidence of certifications, etc.

Photographic studio.

#### REGISTRY OF ALIENS

SEC. 328. (a) The Commissioner shall cause to be made, for use in complying with the requirements of this chapter, a registry of each

Registry of persons arriving in U. S.; data included.

person arriving in the United States after the effective date of this Act, of the name, age, occupation, personal description (including height, complexion, color of hair and eyes, and fingerprints), the date and place of birth, nationality, the last residence, the intended place of residence in the United States, the date and place of arrival of said person, and the name of vessel or other means of transportation, upon which said person arrived.

Aliens without admission records.

(b) Registry of aliens at ports of entry required by subsection (a) of this section may be made as to any alien not ineligible to citizenship in whose case there is no record of admission for permanent residence, if such alien shall make a satisfactory showing to the Commissioner, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Attorney General, that such alien—

- (1) Entered the United States prior to July 1, 1924;
- (2) Has resided in the United States continuously since such entry;
- (3) Is a person of good moral character; and
- (4) Is not subject to deportation.

Registered person deemed lawfully admitted.

(c) For the purposes of the immigration laws and naturalization laws an alien, in respect of whom a record of registry has been made as authorized by this section, shall be deemed to have been lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence as of the date of such alien's entry.

#### CERTIFICATE OF ARRIVAL

Issuance.

SEC. 329. (a) The certificate of arrival required by this chapter may be issued upon application to the Commissioner in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Attorney General, upon the making of a record of registry as authorized by section 328 of this Act.

*Ante*, p. 1151.

Certificate prerequisite to declaration.

(b) No declaration of intention shall be made by any person who arrived in the United States after June 29, 1906, until such person's lawful entry for permanent residence shall have been established, and a certificate showing the date, place, and manner of arrival in the United States shall have been issued. It shall be the duty of the Commissioner or a Deputy Commissioner to cause to be issued such certificate.

#### PHOTOGRAPHS

Photographs.

SEC. 330. (a) Two photographs of the applicant shall be signed by and furnished by each applicant for a declaration of intention and by each petitioner for naturalization or citizenship. One of such photographs shall be affixed by the clerk of the court to the triplicate declaration of intention issued to the declarant and one to the duplicate declaration of intention required to be forwarded to the Service; and one of such photographs shall be affixed to the original certificate of naturalization issued to the naturalized citizen and one to the duplicate certificate of naturalization required to be forwarded to the Service.

(b) Two photographs of the applicant shall be furnished by each applicant for—

- (1) A record of registry;
- (2) A certificate of derivative citizenship;
- (3) A certificate of naturalization;
- (4) A special certificate;
- (5) A declaration of intention or a certificate of naturalization or of citizenship, in lieu of one lost, mutilated, or destroyed; and
- (6) A new certificate of citizenship in the new name of any naturalized citizen who, subsequent to naturalization, has had such citizen's name changed by order of a court of competent jurisdiction or by marriage.

One such photograph shall be affixed to each such declaration or certificate issued by the Commissioner and one shall be affixed to the copy of such declaration or certificate retained by the Service.

## DECLARATION OF INTENTION

SEC. 331. An applicant for naturalization shall make, under oath before, and only in the office of, the clerk of court or such clerk's authorized deputy, regardless of the place of residence in the United States of the applicant, not less than two nor more than seven years at least prior to the applicant's petition for naturalization, and after the applicant has reached the age of eighteen years, a signed declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States, which declaration shall be set forth in writing, in triplicate, and shall contain substantially the following averments by such applicant:

Averments.

(1) My full, true, and correct name is \_\_\_\_\_ (full, true name, without abbreviation, and any other name which has been used, must appear here).

(2) My present place of residence is \_\_\_\_\_ (number and street), \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county), \_\_\_\_\_ (State).

(3) My occupation is \_\_\_\_\_.

(4) I am \_\_\_\_\_ years old.

(5) My personal description is as follows: Sex \_\_\_\_\_; color \_\_\_\_\_, complexion \_\_\_\_\_, color of eyes \_\_\_\_\_, color of hair \_\_\_\_\_, height \_\_\_\_\_ feet \_\_\_\_\_ inches, weight \_\_\_\_\_ pounds; visible distinctive marks \_\_\_\_\_; race \_\_\_\_\_; present nationality \_\_\_\_\_.

(6) I was born on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), in \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county, district, province, or state), \_\_\_\_\_ (country).

(7) I am \_\_\_\_\_ married; the name of my wife or husband is \_\_\_\_\_; we were married on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (state or country); he or she was born at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county, district, province, or state), \_\_\_\_\_ (country), on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year); and entered the United States at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), (State), on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), for permanent residence in the United States, and now resides at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (state or country).

(8) I have \_\_\_\_\_ children; and the name, sex, date, and place of birth, and present place of residence of each of said children who is living are as follows: \_\_\_\_\_.

(9) My place of last foreign residence was \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county, district, or province), \_\_\_\_\_ (country).

(10) I emigrated to the United States from \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (country).

(11) My lawful entry for permanent residence in the United States was at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (State), under the name of \_\_\_\_\_, on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), on the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of vessel or other means of conveyance).

(12) I have \_\_\_\_\_ been absent from the United States, having departed therefrom on \_\_\_\_\_ (dates of departures), from the port or ports of \_\_\_\_\_, upon the following vessels or other means of conveyance: \_\_\_\_\_ (names of vessels or conveyances upon departures); and returned to the United States on \_\_\_\_\_ (dates of return to the United States), at the port or ports of \_\_\_\_\_, upon the following vessels or other means of conveyance \_\_\_\_\_ (names of vessels or conveyances upon return).

(13) I have — heretofore made declaration of intention number \_\_\_\_\_, on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county), \_\_\_\_\_ (State), in the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of court).

(14) I am not an anarchist, nor a disbeliever in or opposed to organized government, nor a member of or affiliated with any organization or body of persons teaching disbelief in or opposition to organized government.

(15) It is my intention in good faith to become a citizen of the United States and to reside permanently therein.

(16) I will, before being admitted to citizenship, renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty of whom or which at the time of admission to citizenship I may be a subject or citizen.

(17) I certify that the photograph affixed to the duplicate and triplicate hereof is a likeness of me and was signed by me.

(18) So help me God.

PETITION FOR NATURALIZATION

Averments.

SEC. 332. (a) An applicant for naturalization shall, not less than two nor more than ten years after such declaration of intention has been made, make and file in the office of the clerk of a naturalization court, in duplicate, a sworn petition in writing, signed by the applicant in the applicant's own handwriting, if physically able to write, and duly verified by witnesses, which petition shall contain substantially the following averments by such applicant.

(1) My full, true, and correct name is \_\_\_\_\_ (full, true name, without abbreviation, and any other name which has been used, must appear here).

(2) My present place of residence is \_\_\_\_\_ (number and street), \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county), \_\_\_\_\_ (State).

(3) My occupation is \_\_\_\_\_.

(4) I am \_\_\_\_\_ years old.

(5) My personal description is: Sex \_\_\_\_\_; color \_\_\_\_\_, complexion \_\_\_\_\_, color of eyes \_\_\_\_\_, color of hair \_\_\_\_\_, height \_\_\_\_\_ feet \_\_\_\_\_ inches, weight \_\_\_\_\_ pounds; visible distinctive marks \_\_\_\_\_; race \_\_\_\_\_; present nationality \_\_\_\_\_.

(6) I was born on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), in \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county, district, province, or state), \_\_\_\_\_ (country).

(7) I am \_\_\_\_\_ married; the name of my wife or husband is \_\_\_\_\_; we were married on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (state or country); he or she was born at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county, district, province, or state), \_\_\_\_\_ (country), on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year); entered the United States at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (State), on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), for permanent residence in the United States, and now resides at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (state or country).

(8) I have \_\_\_\_\_ children; and the name, sex, date, and place of birth, and present place of residence of each of said children who is living are as follows: \_\_\_\_\_.

(9) My last place of foreign residence was \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_, (county, district, or province), \_\_\_\_\_, (country).

(10) I emigrated to the United States from \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (country).

(11) My lawful entry for permanent residence in the United States was at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (State), under the name of \_\_\_\_\_, on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), on the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of vessel or other means of conveyance), as shown by the certificate of my arrival attached to this petition.

(12) I have \_\_\_\_\_ been absent from the United States, having departed therefrom on \_\_\_\_\_ (dates of departures), from the port or ports of \_\_\_\_\_, upon the following vessels or other means of conveyance: \_\_\_\_\_ (names of vessels or conveyances upon departures); and returned to the United States on \_\_\_\_\_ (dates of return to the United States), at the port or ports of \_\_\_\_\_, upon the following vessels or other means of conveyance: \_\_\_\_\_ (names of vessels or conveyances upon return).

(13) I have resided continuously in the United States of America for the term of five years at least immediately preceding the date of this petition, to wit, since \_\_\_\_\_, and continuously in the State in which this petition is made for the term of six months at least immediately preceding the date of this petition, to wit, since \_\_\_\_\_.

(14) I declared my intention to become a citizen of the United States on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), in the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of court) Court of \_\_\_\_\_, at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (State).

(15) I have \_\_\_\_\_ heretofore made petition for naturalization number \_\_\_\_\_, on \_\_\_\_\_ (month, day, and year), at \_\_\_\_\_ (city or town), \_\_\_\_\_ (county), \_\_\_\_\_ (State), in the \_\_\_\_\_ (name of court), and such petition was dismissed or denied by that Court for the following reasons and causes, to wit: \_\_\_\_\_, and the cause of such dismissal or denial has since been cured or removed.

(16) I am not an anarchist, nor a disbeliever in or opposed to organized government, nor a member of or affiliated with any organization or body of persons teaching disbelief in or opposition to organized government.

(17) I am attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the United States.

(18) It is my intention in good faith to become a citizen of the United States, and to reside permanently therein.

(19) It is my intention to renounce absolutely and forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty of whom or which at this time I am a subject or citizen.

(20) Attached hereto and made a part of this, my petition for naturalization, are my declaration of intention to become a citizen of the United States (if such declaration of intention be required by the naturalization law), a certificate of arrival from the Immigration and Naturalization Service of my said lawful entry into the United States for permanent residence (if such certificate of arrival be required by the naturalization law), and the affidavits of the two verifying witnesses required by law.

(21) Wherefore, I, petitioner for naturalization, pray that I may be admitted a citizen of the United States of America, and that my name be changed to \_\_\_\_\_.

(22) I, aforesaid petitioner, being duly sworn, depose and say that I have (read) (heard read) this petition and know that the same is true of my own knowledge except as to matters herein stated to be alleged upon information and belief, and that as to those matters I believe it to be true; and that this petition is signed by me with my

full, true, and correct name. So help me God. \_\_\_\_\_  
(full, true, and correct name of petitioner).

Averments of other material facts.

(b) The applicant's petition for naturalization, in addition to the averments required by subsection (a) of this section, shall include averments of all other facts which may be material to the applicant's naturalization and required to be proved upon the hearing of such petition.

Filing of certificate of arrival, etc., with petition.

(c) At the time of filing the petition for naturalization there shall be filed with the clerk of court a certificate from the Service, if the petitioner arrived in the United States after June 29, 1906, stating the date, place, and manner of petitioner's arrival in the United States, and the declaration of intention of such petitioner, which certificate and declaration shall be attached to and made a part of said petition.

Making and filing of petitions.

(d) Petitions for naturalization may be made and filed during the term time or vacation of the court and shall be docketed the same day as filed, but final action thereon shall be had only on stated days, to be fixed by rule of the court.

#### HEARING OF PETITIONS

Preliminary hearings by designated examiners.

SEC. 333. (a) The Commissioner or a Deputy Commissioner shall designate members of the Service to conduct preliminary hearings upon petitions for naturalization to any naturalization court and to make findings and recommendations thereon to such court. For such purposes any such designated examiner is hereby authorized to take testimony concerning any matter touching or in any way affecting the admissibility of any petitioner for naturalization, to subpoena witnesses, and to administer oaths, including the oath of the petitioner to the petition for naturalization and the oath of petitioner's witnesses.

Findings, etc., of examiners.

(b) The findings of any such designated examiner upon any such preliminary hearing shall be submitted to the court at the final hearing upon the petition with a recommendation that the petition be granted, or denied, or continued, with the reasons therefor. Such findings and recommendations shall be accompanied by duplicate lists containing the names of the petitioners, classified according to the character of the recommendations, and signed by the designated examiner. The judge to whom such findings and recommendations are submitted shall, if he approve such recommendations, enter a written order with such exceptions as the judge may deem proper, by subscribing his name to each such list when corrected to conform to his conclusions upon such recommendations. One of such lists shall thereafter be filed permanently of record in such court and the duplicate list shall be sent by the clerk of such court to the Commissioner.

Approval by judge.

Final hearing in open court.  
Final order.

SEC. 334. (a) Every final hearing upon a petition for naturalization shall be had in open court before a judge or judges thereof, and every final order which may be made upon such petition shall be under the hand of the court and entered in full upon a record kept for that purpose, and upon such final hearing of such petition the applicant, and, except as provided in subsection (b) of this section, the witnesses shall be examined under oath before the court and in the presence of the court.

Waiver of examination.

(b) The requirement of subsection (a) of this section for the examination of the petitioner and witnesses under oath before the court and in the presence of the court shall not apply in any case where a designated examiner has conducted the preliminary hearing authorized by subsection (a) of section 333; except that the court may, in its discretion, and shall, upon demand of the petitioner, require the examination of the petitioner and the witnesses under oath before the court and in the presence of the court.

Discretionary authority of court.

Time restrictions on final hearings, etc.

(c) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act, no final hearing shall be held on any petition for naturalization nor shall

any person be naturalized nor shall any certificate of naturalization be issued by any court within thirty days after the filing of the petition for naturalization, nor within sixty days preceding the holding of any general election within the territorial jurisdiction of the naturalization court.

(d) The United States shall have the right to appear before any court in any naturalization proceedings for the purpose of cross-examining the petitioner and the witnesses produced in support of the petition concerning any matter touching or in any way affecting the petitioner's right to admission to citizenship, and shall have the right to call witnesses, produce evidence, and be heard in opposition to the granting of any petition in naturalization proceedings.

(e) It shall be lawful at the time and as a part of the naturalization of any person, for the court, in its discretion, upon the prayer of the petitioner included in the petition for naturalization of such person, to make a decree changing the name of said person, and the certificate of naturalization shall be issued in accordance therewith.

Right of U. S. to cross-examine, etc.

Change of name.

#### OATH OF RENUNCIATION AND ALLEGIANCE

SEC. 335. (a) A person who has petitioned for naturalization shall, before being admitted to citizenship, take an oath in open court (1) to support the Constitution of the United States, (2) to renounce and abjure absolutely and entirely all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty of whom or which the petitioner was before a subject or citizen, (3) to support and defend the Constitution and the laws of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic, and (4) to bear true faith and allegiance to the same, provided that in the case of the naturalization of a child under the provisions of section 315 or 316 the naturalization court may waive the taking of such oath if in the opinion of the court the child is too young to understand its meaning.

Nature.

*Anze*, p. 1146.

(b) The oath prescribed by subsection (a) of this section which the petitioner for naturalization is required to take, shall be in the following form:

Form.

I hereby declare, on oath, that I absolutely and entirely renounce and abjure all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, state, or sovereignty of whom or which I have heretofore been a subject or citizen; that I will support and defend the Constitution and laws of the United States of America against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; and that I take this obligation freely without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion: So help me God. In acknowledgment whereof I have hereunto affixed my signature.

(c) In case the person petitioning for naturalization has borne any hereditary title, or has been of any of the orders of nobility in any foreign state, the petitioner shall, in addition to complying with the requirements of subsections (a) and (b) of this section, make under oath in open court, in the court to which the petition for naturalization is made, an express renunciation of such title or order of nobility, and such renunciation shall be recorded in the court as a part of such proceedings.

Renunciation of title, etc.

#### CERTIFICATE OF NATURALIZATION

SEC. 336. A person, admitted to citizenship by a naturalization court in conformity with the provisions of this Act, shall be entitled upon such admission to receive from the clerk of such court a certificate of naturalization, which shall contain substantially the following information: number of petition for naturalization; number of certificate of naturalization; date of naturalization; name, signature, place

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